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ADDITIONAL REPORT

OF THE

JOINT COMMITTEE ON REDUCTION OF NONESSENTIAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES

PURSUANT TO

SECTION 601 OF THE REVENUE ACT OF 1941

ON

FEDERAL PERSONNEL AND PAY

FEBRUARY AND JANUARY 1955

Printed for the use of the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures

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CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES

JOINT COMMITTEE ON REDUCTION OF NONESSENTIAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 601 OF THE REVENUE ACT OF 1941

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FEDERAL PERSONNEL IN EXECUTIVE BRANCH, FEBRUARY AND JANUARY 1955, AND PAY, JANUARY 1955 AND DECEMBER 1954

NOTE WITH REFERENCE TO PERSONAL SERVICE EXPENDITURE FIGURES

It should be noted that the latest expenditure figures for personal service shown in table I of this report are for the month of January 1955 and that they are compared with personal service expenditure figures for the month of December 1954, whereas the latest employment figures covered in this report are for the month of February 1955 and are compared with the month of January 1955. This lag in personal service expenditure figures is necessary in order that actual expenditures may be reported.

(Figures in the following report are compiled from signed official personnel reports by the various agencies and departments of the Federal Government. Table I shows total personnel employed inside and outside continental United States, and pay, by agency. Table II shows personnel employed inside continental United States. Table III shows personnel employed outside continental United States. Table IV gives by agency the industrial workers employed by the Federal Government. For purposes of comparison, figures for the previous month are shown in adjoining columns. Table V is a separated report on foreign nationals who are not counted in tables I, II, III, and IV.)

PERSONNEL AND PAY SUMMARY

(See table I, p. 2)

Information in monthly personnel reports for February 1955 submitted to the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures is summarized as follows:

Total and major categories	**Civilian personnel** in executive branch			**Payroll** (in thousands) in executive branch		
	In February numbered—	In January numbered—	Increase (+) or decrease (−)	In January was—	In December was—	Increase (+) or decrease (−)
Total [1]	**2,353,900**	**2,353,588**	**+312**	**$779,256**	**$904,338**	**−$125,082**
Agencies exclusive of Department of Defense	1,171,474	1,170,203	+1,271	392,765	485,997	−93,232
Department of Defense	1,182,426	1,183,385	−959	386,491	418,341	−31,850
Inside continental United States	2,129,229	2,126,018	+3,211			
Outside continental United States	224,671	227,567	−2,896			
Industrial employment	721,739	725,588	−3,849			
Foreign nationals	**339,857**	**339,710**	**+147**	**25,780**	**26,394**	**−614**

[1] Exclusive of foreign nationals shown in the last line of this summary.

Table I, page 2, breaks down the above figures on employment and pay by agencies.

Table II, page 5, breaks down the above employment figures to show the number inside continental United States by agencies.

Table III, page 7, breaks down the above employment figures to show the number outside continental United States by agencies.

Table IV, page 8, breaks down the above employment figures to show the number in industrial-type activities by agencies.

Table V, page 9, shows foreign nationals by agencies not included in tables I, II, III, and IV.

TABLE I.—*Consolidated table of Federal personnel inside and outside continental United States employed by the executive agencies during February 1955, and comparison with January 1955, and pay for January 1955, and comparison with December 1954*

Department or agency	Personnel				Pay (in thousands of dollars)			
	February	January	Increase	Decrease	January	December	Increase	Decrease
Executive departments (except Department of Defense):								
Agriculture	71,330	70,920	410		$21,967	$24,053		$2,086
Commerce [1]	43,816	44,466		650	16,886	22,579		5,693
Health, Education, and Welfare	38,450	37,918	532		13,439	14,257		818
Interior	49,992	49,543	449		18,105	19,590		1,485
Justice	30,256	30,303		47	12,684	13,806		1,122
Labor	4,913	4,891	22		2,024	2,215		191
Post Office	506,090	507,129		1,039	164,164	232,031		67,867
State	20,740	20,825		85	6,713	7,264		551
Treasury	82,182	80,418	1,764		30,095	33,316		3,221
Executive Office of the President:								
White House Office	270	267	3		140	145		5
Bureau of the Budget	425	428		3	260	273		13
Council of Economic Advisers	32	35		3	26	25	$1	
Executive Mansion and Grounds	68	68			21	25		4
National Security Council [2]	27	27			15	16		1
Office of Defense Mobilization	296	292	4		145	152		7
President's Advisory Committee on Government Organization	5	5			3	3		
Independent agencies:								
Advisory Committee on Weather Control	11	20		9	5	3	2	
Alexander Hamilton Bicentennial Commission [3]	4		4					
American Battle Monuments Commission	795	790	5		99	118		19
Atomic Energy Commission	6,040	6,012	28		2,861	2,933		72
Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System	586	582	4		243	269		26
Civil Aeronautics Board	534	532	2		272	291		19
Civil Service Commission	3,938	4,051		113	1,617	1,772		155
Commission of Fine Arts	3	3			1	1		
Commission on Intergovernmental Relations	61	[4] 63		2	26	31		5

[1] February figure includes 493 seamen on the rolls of the Maritime Administration and their pay.
[2] Exclusive of personnel and pay of the Central Intelligence Agency.
[3] New agency, created pursuant to Public Law 601, 83d Cong.
[4] Revised on bases of later information.

TABLE I.—*Consolidated table of Federal personnel inside and outside continental United States employed by the executive agencies during February 1955, and comparison with January 1955, and pay for January 1955, and comparison with December 1954*—Continued

Department or agency	Personnel				Pay (in thousands of dollars)			
	February	January	Increase	Decrease	January	December	Increase	Decrease
Independent agencies—Con.								
Defense Transport Administration	16	17		1	$8	$11		$3
Export-Import Bank of Washington	137	135	2		74	77		3
Farm Credit Administration	1,088	1,092		4	497	541		44
Federal Civil Defense Administration	700	698	2		319	363		44
Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review	8	8			7	5	$2	
Federal Communications Commission	1,079	1,088		9	522	566		44
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation	1,084	1,085		1	450	486		36
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service	354	356		2	215	233		18
Federal Power Commission	626	625	1		303	331		28
Federal Trade Commission	587	591		4	306	328		22
Foreign Claims Settlement Commission	176	175	1		77	105		28
Foreign Operations Administration	6,290	[4] 6,265	25		2,871	2,734	137	
General Accounting Office	5,773	5,771	2		2,313	2,524		211
General Services Administration	25,786	25,869		83	8,000	8,683		683
Government Contract Committee	10	14		4	4	4		
Government Printing Office	6,785	6,749	36		2,678	2,883		205
Housing and Home Finance Agency	10,504	10,393	111		4,340	4,773		433
Indian Claims Commission	14	14			9	10		1
Interstate Commerce Commission	1,810	1,822		12	838	912		74
Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Celebration Commission	3	2	1		1		1	
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics	7,238	7,188	50		3,049	3,308		259
National Capital Housing Authority	283	285		2	92	92		
National Capital Planning Commission	21	21			9	10		1
National Gallery of Art	311	313		2	90	104		14
National Labor Relations Board	1,149	1,150		1	575	623		48
National Mediation Board	111	115		4	72	68	4	
National Science Foundation	175	178		3	81	88		7
National Security Training Commission	8	7	1		4	5		1
Panama Canal	15,618	15,638		20	3,398	3,480		82
Railroad Retirement Board	2,438	2,445		7	829	927		98
Renegotiation Board	584	596		12	335	369		34
Rubber Producing Facilities Disposal Commission	21	21			13	15		2

[4] Revised on basis of later information.

TABLE I.—*Consolidated table of Federal personnel inside and outside continental United States employed by the executive agencies during February 1955, and comparison with January 1955, and pay for January 1955, and comparison with December 1954*—Continued

Department or agency	Personnel				Pay (in thousands of dollars)			
	February	January	Increase	Decrease	January	December	Increase	Decrease
Independent agencies—Con.								
St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation	20	18	2		$11	$11		
Securities and Exchange Commission	689	691		2	359	397		$38
Selective Service System	7,136	7,146		10	1,564	1,730		166
Small Business Administration	749	757		8	368	413		45
Smithsonian Institution	640	633	7		209	236		27
Soldiers' Home	973	969	4		183	209		26
Subversive Activities Control Board	36	35	1		20	23		3
Tariff Commission	197	198		1	102	110		8
Tax Court of the United States	141	141			71	76		5
Tennessee Valley Authority	21,379	21,824		445	9,599	10,594		995
United States Information Agency	9,811	9,671	140		2,267	2,457		190
Veterans' Administration	178,052	177,806	246		53,822	59,915		6,093
Total, excluding Department of Defense	**1,171,474**	**1,170,203**	**3,859**	**2,588**	**392,765**	**485,997**	**$147**	**93,379**
Net change, excluding Department of Defense			**1,271**				**93,232**	
Department of Defense:								
Office of the Secretary of Defense	1,906	1,920		14	953	1,055		102
Department of the Army	463,105	[4] 465,473		2,368	142,993	153,512		10,519
Department of the Navy	409,211	409,520		309	143,605	156,501		12,896
Department of the Air Force	308,204	306,472	1,732		98,940	107,273		8,333
Total, Department of Defense	**1,182,426**	**1,183,385**	**1,732**	**2,691**	**386,491**	**418,341**		**31,850**
Net decrease, Department of Defense			**959**				**31,850**	
Grand total, including Department of Defense	**2,353,900**	**2,353,588**	**5,591**	**5,279**	**779,256**	**904,338**	**147**	**125,229**
Net change, including Department of Defense			**312**				**125,082**	

[4] Revised on basis of later information.

TABLE II.—*Federal personnel inside continental United States employed by executive agencies during February 1955, and comparison with January 1955*

Department or agency	February	January	Increase	Decrease
Executive departments (except Department of Defense):				
Agriculture	70,178	69,761	417	
Commerce [1]	40,927	41,584		657
Health, Education, and Welfare	37,909	37,392	517	
Interior	44,227	43,926	301	
Justice	29,749	29,791		42
Labor	4,810	4,787	23	
Post Office	503,746	504,785		1,039
State	5,854	5,835	19	
Treasury	81,182	79,429	1,753	
Executive Office of the President:				
White House Office	270	267	3	
Bureau of the Budget	425	428		3
Council of Economic Advisers	32	35		3
Executive Mansion and Grounds	68	68		
National Security Council [2]	27	27		
Office of Defense Mobilization	296	292	4	
President's Advisory Committee on Government Organization	5	5		
Independent agencies:				
Advisory Committee on Weather Control	11	20		9
Alexander Hamilton Bicentennial Commission [3]	4		4	
American Battle Monuments Commission	16	18		2
Atomic Energy Commission	6,023	5,996	27	
Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System	586	582	4	
Civil Aeronautics Board	530	528	2	
Civil Service Commission	3,928	4,041		113
Commission of Fine Arts	3	3		
Commission on Intergovernmental Relations	61	[4] 63		2
Defense Transport Administration	16	17		1
Export-Import Bank of Washington	137	135	2	
Farm Credit Administration	1,076	1,081		5
Federal Civil Defense Administration	700	698	2	
Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review	8	8		
Federal Communications Commission	1,052	1,061		9
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation	1,083	1,084		1
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service	354	356		2
Federal Power Commission	626	625	1	
Federal Trade Commission	587	591		4
Foreign Claims Settlement Commission	176	175	1	
Foreign Operations Administration	1,660	1,651	9	
General Accounting Office	5,724	5,722	2	
General Services Administration	25,681	25,760		79
Government Contract Committee	10	14		4
Government Printing Office	6,785	6,749	36	
Housing and Home Finance Agency	10,372	10,267	105	
Indian Claims Commission	14	14		
Interstate Commerce Commission	1,810	1,822		12
Jamestown-Williamsburg-Yorktown Celebration Commission	3	2	1	
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics	7,238	7,188	50	
National Capital Housing Authority	283	285		2
National Capital Planning Commission	21	21		
National Gallery of Art	311	313		2
National Labor Relations Board	1,127	1,128		1
National Mediation Board	111	115		4

[1] February figure includes 493 seamen on the rolls of the Maritime Administration.
[2] Exclusive of personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency.
[3] New agency, created pursuant to Public Law 601, 83d Cong.
[4] Revised on basis of later information.

TABLE II.—*Federal personnel inside continental United States employed by executive agencies during February 1955, and comparison with January 1955*—Continued

Department or agency	February	January	Increase	Decrease
Independent agencies—Continued				
National Science Foundation	175	178		3
National Security Training Commission	8	7	1	
Panama Canal	542	543		1
Railroad Retirement Board	2,438	2,445		7
Renegotiation Board	584	596		12
Rubber Producing Facilities Disposal Commission	21	21		
St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation	20	18	2	
Securities and Exchange Commission	689	691		2
Selective Service System	6,935	6,947		12
Small Business Administration	749	757		8
Smithsonian Institution	638	631	7	
Soldiers' Home	973	969	4	
Subversive Activities Control Board	36	35	1	
Tariff Commission	197	198		1
Tax Court of the United States	141	141		
Tennessee Valley Authority	21,379	21,824		445
United States Information Agency	2,267	2,210	57	
Veterans' Administration	176,748	176,531	217	
Total, excluding Department of Defense	**1,112,372**	**1,111,287**	**3,572**	**2,487**
Net increase, excluding Department of Defense			**1,085**	
Department of Defense:				
Office of the Secretary of Defense	1,852	1,866		14
Department of the Army	373,550	[4] 373,362	188	
Department of the Navy	378,241	377,977	264	
Department of the Air Force	263,214	261,529	1,685	
Total, Department of Defense	**1,016,857**	**1,014,734**	**2,137**	**14**
Net increase, Department of Defense			**2,123**	
Grand total, including Department of Defense	**2,129,229**	**2,126,021**	**5,709**	**2,501**
Net increase, including Department of Defense			**3,208**	

[4] Revised on basis of later information.

TABLE III.—*Federal personnel outside continental United States employed by the executive agencies during February 1955, and comparison with January 1955*

Department or agency	February	January	Increase	Decrease
Executive departments (except Department of Defense):				
Agriculture	1,152	1,159		7
Commerce	2,889	2,882	7	
Health, Education, and Welfare	541	526	15	
Interior	5,765	5,617	148	
Justice	507	512		5
Labor	103	104		1
Post Office	2,344	2,344		
State	14,886	14,990		104
Treasury	1,000	989	11	
Independent agencies:				
American Battle Monuments Commission	779	772	7	
Atomic Energy Commission	17	16	1	
Civil Aeronautics Board	4	4		
Civil Service Commission	10	10		
Farm Credit Administration	12	11	1	
Federal Communications Commission	27	27		
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation	1	1		
Foreign Operations Administration	4,630	[1] 4,614	16	
General Accounting Office	49	49		
General Services Administration	105	109		4
Housing and Home Finance Agency	132	126	6	
National Labor Relations Board	22	22		
Panama Canal	15,076	15,095		19
Selective Service System	201	199	2	
Smithsonian Institution	2	2		
United States Information Agency	7,544	7,461	83	
Veterans' Administration	1,304	1,275	29	
Total, excluding Department of Defense	**59,102**	**58,916**	**326**	**140**
Net increase, excluding Department of Defense			**186**	
Department of Defense:				
Office of the Secretary of Defense	54	54		
Department of the Army	89,555	92,111		2,556
Department of the Navy	30,970	31,543		573
Department of the Air Force	44,990	44,943	47	
Total, Department of Defense	**165,569**	**168,651**	**47**	**3,129**
Net decrease, Department of Defense			**3,082**	
Grand total, including Department of Defense	**224,671**	**227,567**	**373**	**3,269**
Net decrease, including Department of Defense			**2,896**	

[1] Revised on basis of later information.

TABLE IV.—*Industrial employees of the Federal Government inside and outside continental United States employed by executive agencies during February 1955 and comparison with January 1955*

Department or agency	February	January	Increase	Decrease
Executive departments (except Department of Defense):				
Agriculture	2,825	2,778	47	
Commerce	2,160	2,130	30	
Interior	8,087	7,755	332	
Treasury	6,396	6,473		77
Independent agencies:				
Atomic Energy Commission	137	135	2	
Federal Communications Commission	13	14		1
General Services Administration	875	900		25
Government Printing Office	6,785	6,749	36	
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics	7,238	7,188	50	
Panama Canal	7,615	7,636		21
Tennessee Valley Authority	18,168	18,592		424
Total, excluding Department of Defense	**60,299**	**60,350**	**497**	**548**
Net decrease, excluding Department of Defense			**51**	
Department of Defense:				
Department of the Army:				
Inside continental United States	[1] 208,000	[2] 208,014		14
Outside continental United States	[1] 45,675	[2] 46,978		1,303
Department of the Navy:				
Inside continental United States	237,693	237,220	473	
Outside continental United States	6,929	6,894	35	
Department of the Air Force:				
Inside continental United States	154,968	154,418	550	
Outside continental United States	8,175	11,714		3,539
Total, Department of Defense	**661,440**	**665,238**	**1,058**	**4,856**
Net decrease, Department of Defense			**3,798**	
Grand total, including Department of Defense	**721,739**	**725,588**	**1,555**	**5,404**
Net decrease, including Department of Defense			**3,849**	

[1] Subject to revision.
[2] Revised on basis of later information.

TABLE V.—*Foreign nationals working under United States agencies overseas, excluded from tables I through IV of this report, whose services are provided by contractual agreement between the United States and foreign governments, or because of the nature of their work or the source of funds from which they are paid, as of February 1955 and comparison with January 1955.*

Country	Total		Army		Navy		Air Force	
	February	January	February	January	February	January	February	January
Austria	171	171					171	171
England	7,441	7,290					7,441	7,290
France	21,539	20,884	14,883	14,503			6,656	6,381
French Morocco	756				756			
Germany	125,291	124,804	101,707	101,871	1,969	1,972	21,615	20,961
Japan	155,120	155,421	93,974	[1] 93,974	18,457	18,543	42,689	42,904
Korea	26,824	28,431	26,824	28,431				
Lybia	1,048	1,050					1,048	1,050
Ryukyus	228	223			228	223		
Saudi Arabia	702	698					702	698
Spain	96	96					96	96
Trinidad	641	642			641	642		
Total	**339,857**	**339,710**	**237,388**	**238,779**	**22,051**	**21,380**	**80,418**	**79,551**

[1] Revised on basis of later information.

NOTE.—The Germans are paid from funds provided by German Governments. The French, English, and Austrians reported by the Army and Air Force are paid from funds appropriated for personal services. All others are paid from funds appropriated for other contractual services.

FOREIGN NATIONALS

Table 5 segregates and accounts for certain categories of personal services rendered to the United States Government overseas, which cannot be regarded as ordinary direct employment.

Generally, this personal service is rendered military agencies overseas under agreements with the foreign governments. In most cases the employment is indirect. The foreign governments hire the employees. The United States military agencies in most cases administer or direct the activity.

The source of the funds for the payment of these employees varies. The Germans are employed without direct reimbursement by the United States and by agreement payment is made from the German economy. The Japanese are employed under a master labor contract between United States agencies and the Japanese Government.

French, Germans, and Austrians are employed for the Army and Air Force under agreements with the respective governments. Funds originally appropriated for "personal service" are used for this purpose. The Koreans and others are paid under varying contractual agreements with funds appropriated for "other contractual services."

Personnel hired and used under such circumstances cannot be properly considered in the same category as regular employment, but they are used and should be counted for what they are.

The Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures is endeavoring to identify these groups of employees and to count them along with, but separate from, the regularly reported United States employment overseas.

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